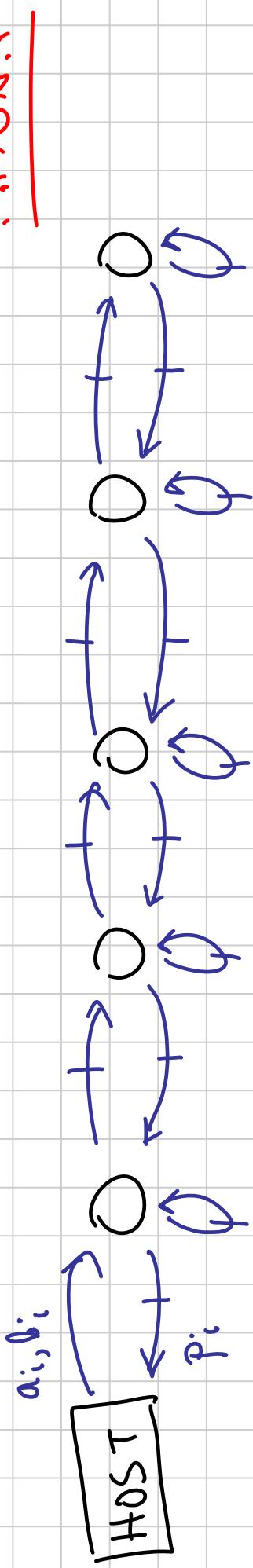


| Evan Litman 1991

100% 0.00



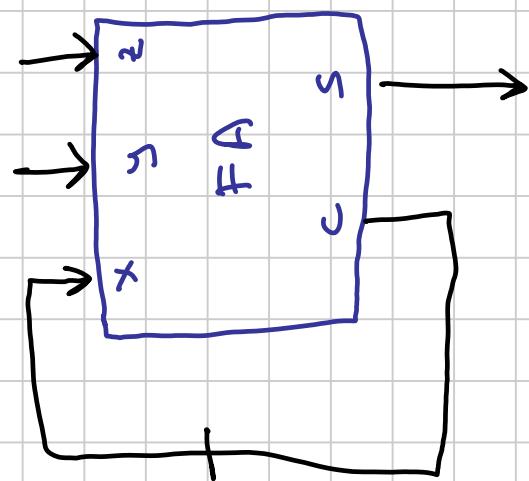
$$\langle p_{2n-1} p_{2n-2} \dots p_0 \rangle = \langle a_{n-1} \dots a_0 \rangle \cdot \langle b_{n-1} \dots b_0 \rangle$$

• Environnement :  
- Les sols  
- L'eau  
- L'air  
- La faune et la flore  
- Les écosystèmes

$\alpha$

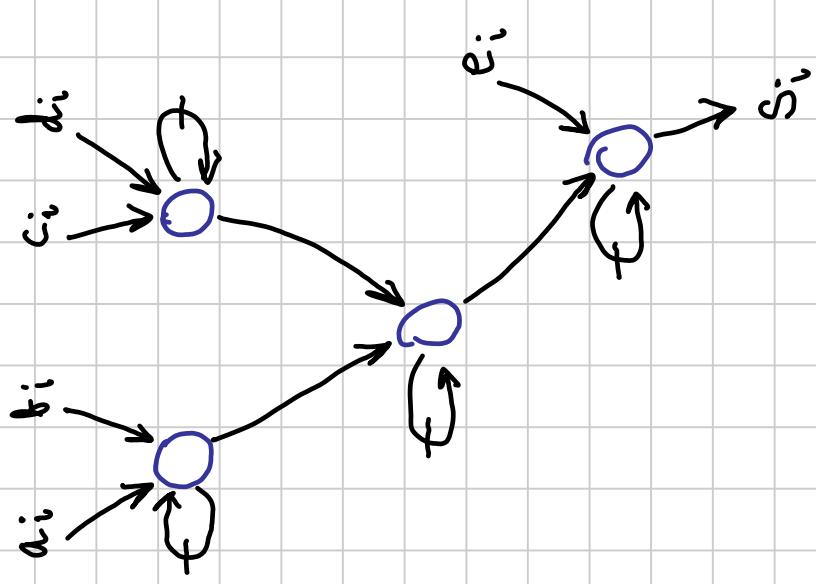
CIRC

CONVERGENCE TESTS



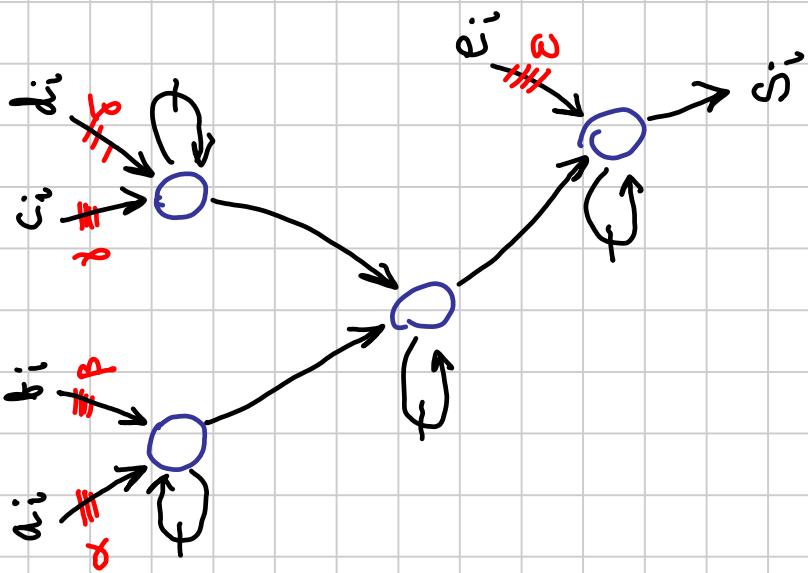
$$\langle a \rangle + \langle b \rangle + \langle c \rangle + \langle d \rangle + \langle e \rangle = \langle S \rangle$$

ANSWER: CONVERGENCE TESTS  
NO CONVERGENCE TESTS  
NO CONVERGENCE TESTS



5.5.2019 0.1.2019 2.5.2019 2.5.2019 2.5.2019

ପ୍ରକାଶନ କମିଶନ୍ ଓ ପ୍ରକାଶନ କମିଶନ୍ ଏବଂ ପ୍ରକାଶନ କମିଶନ୍



$$\langle s \rangle = 2^d \cdot \langle a \rangle + 2^{\delta} \cdot \langle b \rangle + 2^{\delta} \cdot \langle c \rangle + 2^{\delta} \cdot \langle d \rangle + 2^{\delta} \cdot \langle e \rangle$$

500 - 500 500

$$\langle p \rangle = \langle a \rangle \cdot \langle b \rangle$$

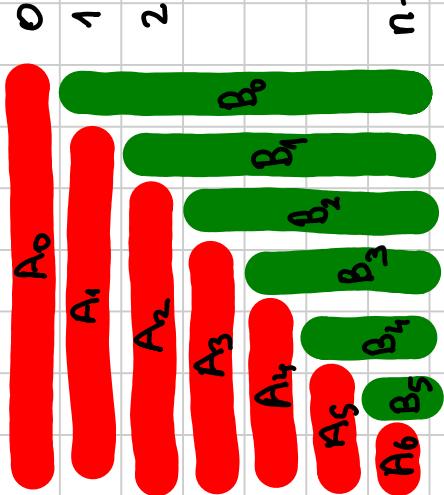
$$\sum_{i=0}^{2n-1} p_i \cdot 2^i$$

$$= \left( \sum_{i=0}^{n-1} a_i \cdot 2^i \right) \cdot \left( \sum_{j=0}^{n-1} b_j \cdot 2^j \right)$$

$\Leftrightarrow$

$$= \sum_{i=0}^{n-1} \sum_{j=0}^{n-1} a_i \cdot b_j \cdot 2^{i+j}$$

0 1 2 10 n-1

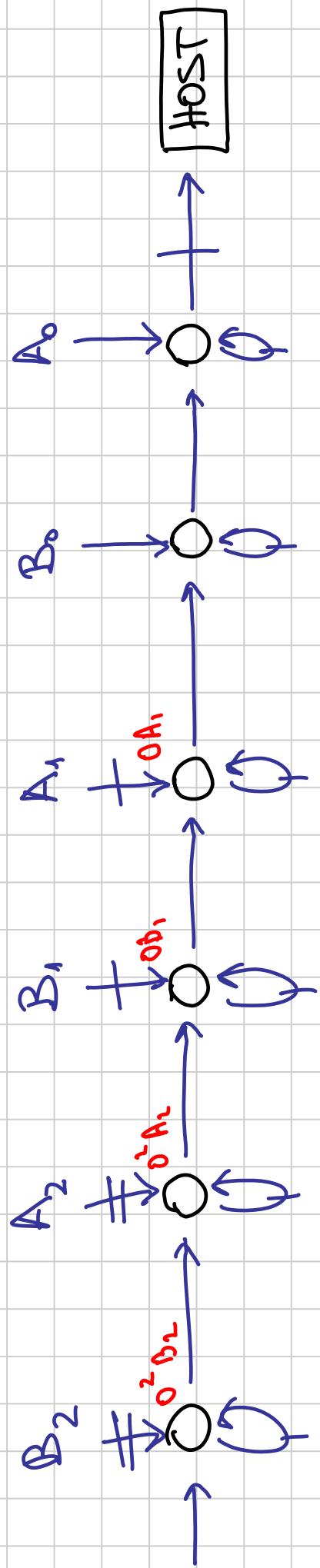


$$\langle A_i \rangle \stackrel{def}{=} a_i \cdot \sum_{j \geq i} b_j \cdot 2^j$$

[NO]

$$\langle B_j \rangle \stackrel{def}{=} b_j \cdot \sum_{i < j} a_i \cdot 2^i$$

$$\langle p \rangle = \sum_{i=0}^{n-1} (\langle A_i \rangle + \langle B_i \rangle) \cdot 2^i$$



**NOTICE CONJECTURE**

$$\langle P \rangle = \sum_{i=1}^{n-1} (\langle A_i \rangle + \langle B_i \rangle) - \langle A_n \rangle - \langle B_n \rangle$$

Left side of the equation is red, right side is purple.

Left side of the equation is red, right side is purple.

$$A_i = (0, \dots, 0, a_i b_{i+1}, \dots, a_i b_{n-1}, 0, 0, \dots)$$

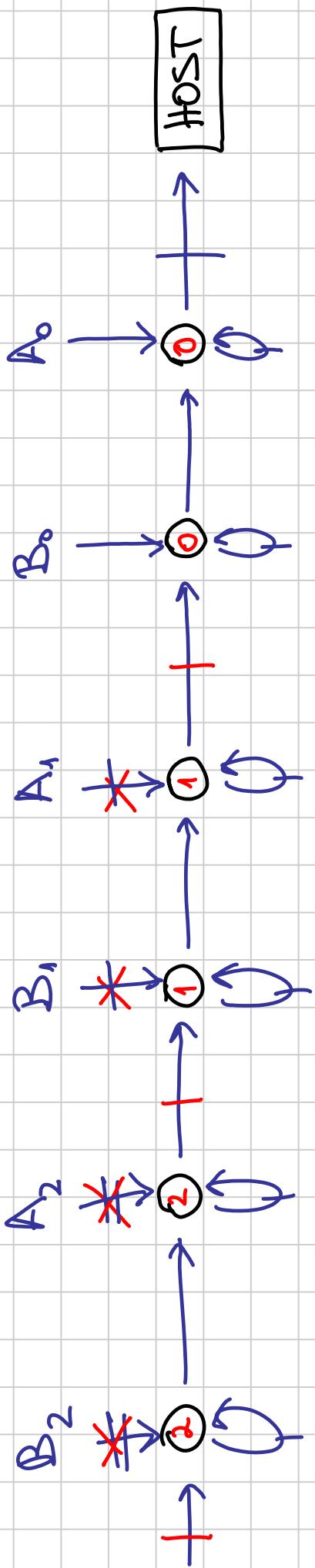
$$B_i = (0, \dots, 0, \underbrace{a_i}_{\text{weak}}, \dots, 0)$$

~~$$A_i = (0, \dots, 0, a_i b_i, a_i b_{i+1}, \dots, a_i b_{n-1}, 0, 0, \dots)$$~~

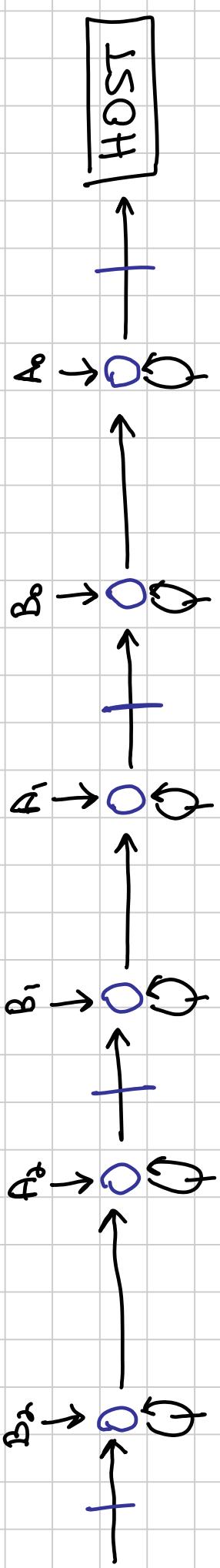
Left side of the equation is red, right side is purple.

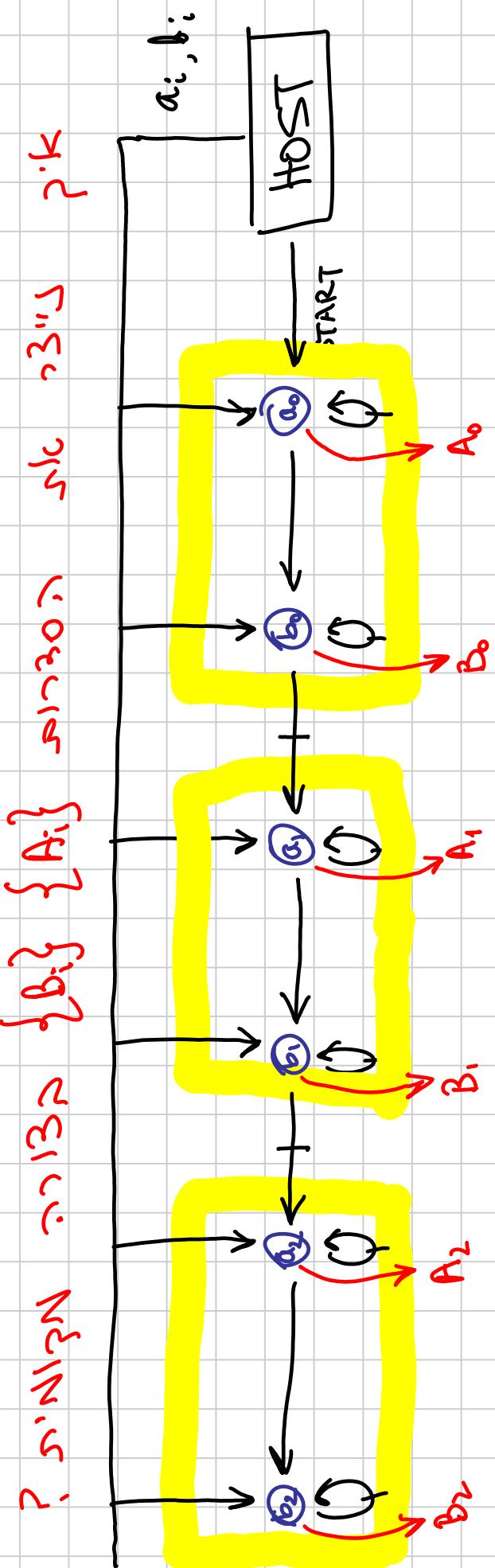
Left side of the equation is red, right side is purple.

( $\text{e}^{\text{j}\omega t}$ ,  $\text{e}^{-\text{j}\omega t}$ )  $\mathcal{Z}(z)$   $\mathcal{Z}^{-1}(z)$



S-S  
Z-Z  
•

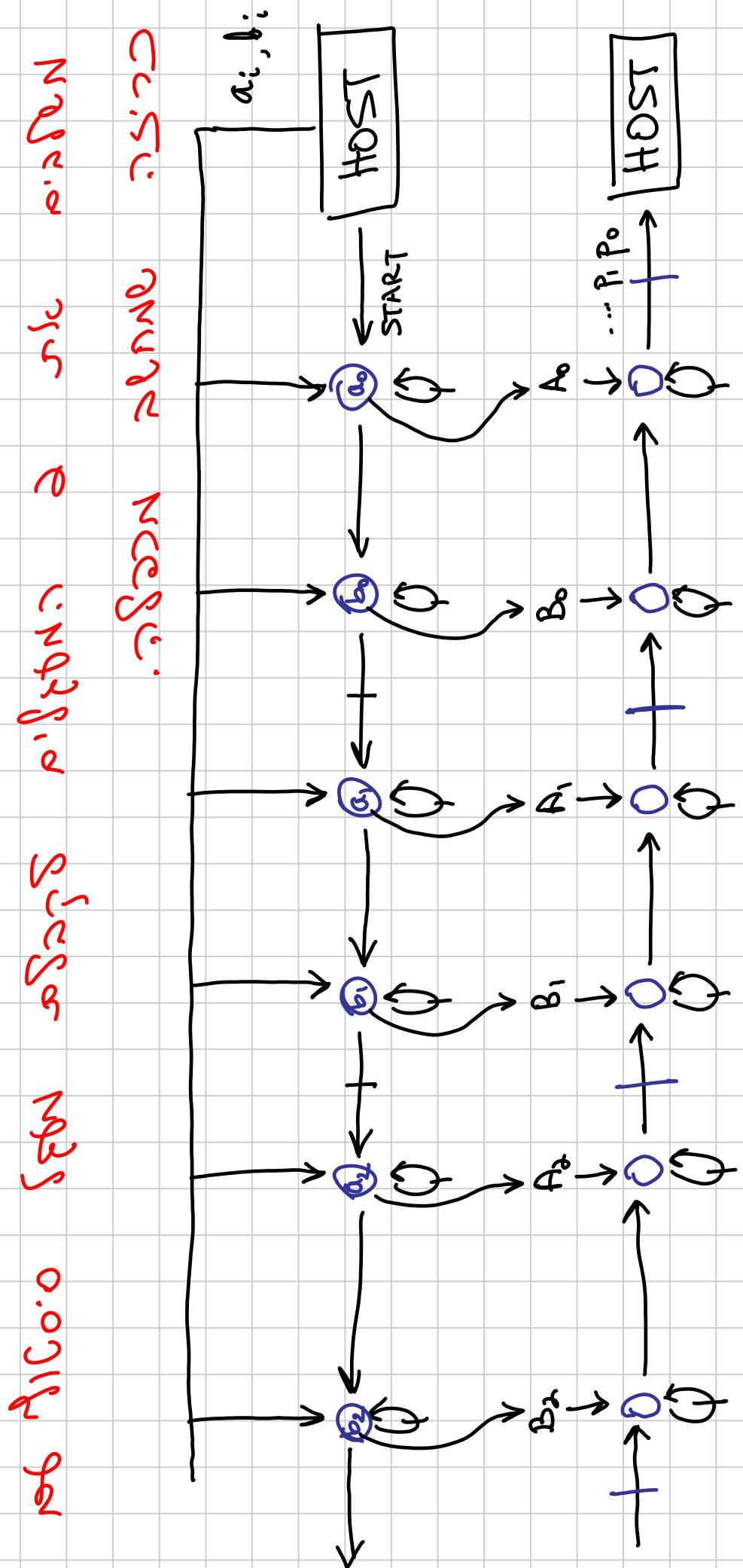




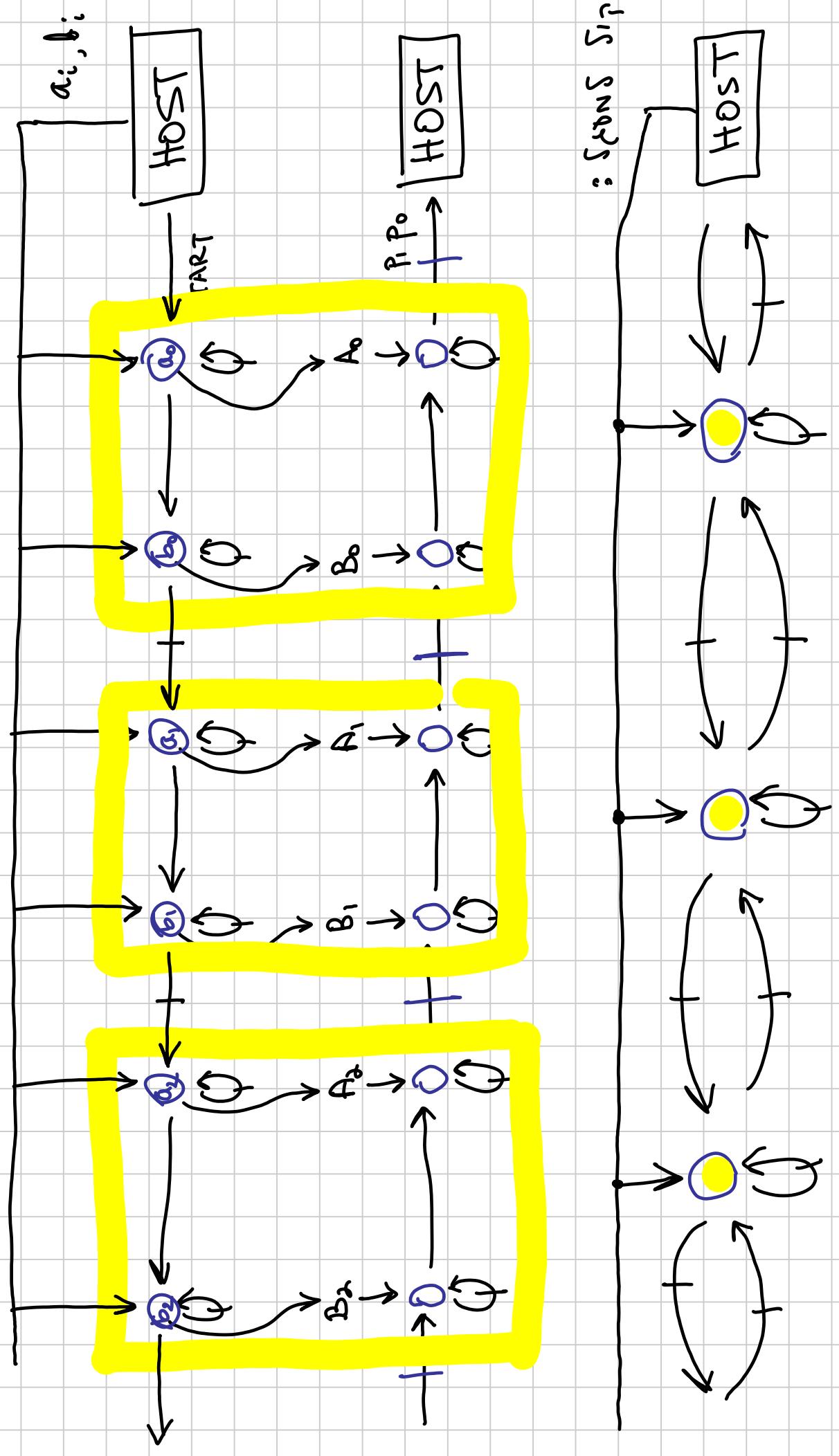
•  $a_i, b_i$  : START  $\rightarrow$   $a_i : q_i = 0$   $\rightarrow$   $a_i : q_i = 1$   $\rightarrow$   $a_i : q_i = 0$   
 •  $a_i, b_i$  :  $q_i = 0$   $\rightarrow$   $a_i : q_i = 1$   $\rightarrow$   $a_i : q_i = 0$

$$A_i = (a_i, b_i, a_i \text{ local}, \text{START} \rightarrow a_i : q_i = 0 \rightarrow a_i : q_i = 1 \rightarrow a_i : q_i = 0)$$

$$B_i = (0, q_i : a_i + 1, a_i : q_i + 1, \text{START} \rightarrow q_i : a_i + 1 \rightarrow q_i : a_i + 2 \rightarrow \dots)$$



A.13. C.1  
CFG Test



185.90 NCS 2000.37.0008

